

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# (Benzylamine)trifluoroboron 10% in Ethanol

Version number: GHS 2.0 Revision: 2024-02-29 Replaces version of: 2024-01-09 (GHS 1)

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name (Benzylamine)trifluoroboron 10% in Ethanol

Article number A0304165

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses General use

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Chemos GmbH & Co. KG Sonnenring 7 84032 Altdorf Germany

Telephone: +49 871-966346-0 Telefax: +49 871-966346-13 e-mail: chemos@chemos.de Website: http://www.chemos.de/

e-mail (competent person) chemos@chemos.de

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service +49 89 1 92 40

Poison centre

Country	Name	Postal code/ city	Telephone	Telefax
United Kingdom	National Poison Information Centre Medical Toxicology Unit	SE14 5ER Lon- don	+44 171 635 91 91	

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
2.6	flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07



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- Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

- Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

# 2.3 Other hazards

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

**Endocrine disrupting properties** 

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Ethanol	CAS No 64-17-5 EC No 200-578-6 Index No 603-002-00-5	≥90	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	
(benzylamine)tri- fluoroboron	CAS No 696-99-1 EC No 211-802-7	10 - < 25	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412	<u>(!</u> )

Name of substance	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Ethanol	Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C ≥ 50 %	-	-	
(benzylamine)tri- fluoroboron	-	-	500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	oral

#### **Remarks**

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

# Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

# Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

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# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier		TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]		Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Source
GB	ethanol	64-17-5	WEL	1,000	1,920				EH40/ 2005

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute peri-

od (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

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# Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid (dispersion)
Colour	not determined
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	-97.8 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	64.7 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	2.5 vol% - 13.5 vol%
Flash point	9.7 °C at 1,013 hPa
Auto-ignition temperature	455 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not determined
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

### Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available

Vapour pressure	169.3 hPa at 25 °C
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# Density and/or relative density

Density	0.83 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)

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### 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information
Other safety characteristics	
Liquid content	90 %
Solid content	10 %

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if swallowed.

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# Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
(benzylamine)trifluoroboron	696-99-1	oral	500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq$  0,1%.

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### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

### **Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1	UN nu	mber or	ID number

ADR/RID	UN 1170
IMDG-Code	UN 1170
ICAO-TI	UN 1170

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID	ETHANOL
IMDG-Code	ETHANOL
ICAO-TI	Ethanol

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID	3
IMDG-Code	3
ICAO-TI	3

### 14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID	II
IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II

# **14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

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# Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

# Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) - Additional information

Classification code F1
Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) 144, 601

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Transport category (TC) 2

Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E

Hazard identification No 33

Emergency Action Code 2YE

# Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) - Additional information

Classification code F1
Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) 144, 601

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

Transport category (TC) 2

Hazard identification No 33

# International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

EmS

F-E, S-D

Stowage category

A

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# International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) A3, A58, A180

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

### **Deco-Paint Directive**

### **Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)**

VOC content	90 %
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# **National regulations (GB)**

# List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

none of the ingredients are listed

# Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

none of the ingredients are listed

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	No
	this product meets the criteria for classifica- tion in accordance with Regulation No 1272/ 2008/EC		3

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-rel- evant
2.3	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
2.3	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
3.2		Description of the mixture: change in the listing (table)	yes

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-rel- evant
3.2		Remarks: For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16	yes
9.1	Density: not determined	Density: 0.83 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C	yes
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
12.6	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes

# **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-li- cence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on inqui

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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