

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

Article number A0288096

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses General use

Uses advised against Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

for products which come into direct contact with

the skin.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Chemos GmbH & Co. KG Sonnenring 7 84032 Altdorf Germany

Telephone: +49 871-966346-0 Telefax: +49 871-966346-13 e-mail: chemos@chemos.de Website: http://www.chemos.de/

e-mail (competent person) chemos@chemos.de

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service +49 89 1 92 40

Poison centre

Country	Name	Postal code/ city	Telephone	Telefax
United Kingdom	National Poison Information Centre Medical Toxicology Unit	SE14 5ER Lon- don	+44 171 635 91 91	

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
2.6	flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
3.10	acute toxicity (oral)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H301
3.1D	acute toxicity (dermal)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H311
3.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.5	germ cell mutagenicity	2	Muta. 2	H341

United Kingdom: en Page: 1 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.8	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	1	STOT SE 1	H370
3.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS05, GHS06, GHS08

- Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301+H311+H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling phenol, methanol

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

United Kingdom: en Page: 2 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
phenol	CAS No 108-95-2 EC No 203-632-7 Index No 604-001-00-2	80	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Muta. 2 / H341 STOT RE 2 / H373	
methanol	CAS No 67-56-1 EC No 200-659-6 Index No 603-001-00-X	20	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 STOT SE 1 / H370	

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

United Kingdom: en Page: 3 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

#### **6.2** Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

United Kingdom: en Page: 4 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 Replaces version of: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

### - Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

### - Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

#### - Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

### - Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Source
EU	phenol	108-95-2	IOELV	2	8	4	16			2009/ 161/EU
EU	methanol	67-56-1	IOELV	200	260					2006/ 15/EC
GB	phenol	108-95-2	WEL	2	7.8	4	16			EH40/ 2005
GB	methanol	67-56-1	WEL	200	266	250	333			EH40/ 2005

United Kingdom: en Page: 5 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 Replaces version of: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

Notation

Ceiling-C STEL

TWA

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute peri-

od (unless otherwise specified)

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

### Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold Protection goal, level route of exposure		Used in	Exposure time
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	40 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	40 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects

### Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	20.8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	2.08 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	77 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	7.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
methanol	67-56-1	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

United Kingdom: en Page: 6 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

### Skin protection

### - Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state	liquid
Colour	colourless - light pink
Odour	sharp - mild sweet

### Other safety parameters

pH (value)	3.7 – 4.8 (25 °C)
Melting point/freezing point	-97.8 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	64.7 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flash point	9.7 °C at 1,013 hPa
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)
Explosive limits	not determined
Vapour pressure	169.3 hPa at 25 °C
Density	not determined
Vapour density	this information is not available
Relative density	information on this property is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

United Kingdom: en Page: 7 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 Replaces version of: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

#### Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Auto-ignition temperature	455 °C
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidising properties	none

### 9.2 Other information

Solvent content	20 %
Solid content	80 %
Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)	T1 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 450°C)

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

United Kingdom: en Page: 8 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral  $100 \frac{mg}{kg}$  Dermal  $300 \frac{mg}{kg}$  Inhalation: vapour  $15 \frac{mg}{l}$ /4h Inhalation: dust/mist  $0.625 \frac{mg}{l}$ /4h

### Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
phenol	108-95-2	oral	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
phenol	108-95-2	dermal	300 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
phenol	108-95-2	inhalation: dust/mist	0.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h
methanol	67-56-1	oral	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
methanol	67-56-1	dermal	300 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
methanol	67-56-1	inhalation: vapour	3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to organs.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

United Kingdom: en Page: 9 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

### **Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**14.1 UN number** 2929

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Technical name (hazardous ingredients) phenol, methanol

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class 6.1 (toxic substances)
Subsidiary risk(s) 3 (flammable liquid)

**14.4** Packing group II (substance presenting medium danger)

**14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

United Kingdom: en Page: 10 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### **Information for each of the UN Model Regulations**

### Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

UN number 2929

Proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Class 6.1
Classification code TF1
Packing group II
Danger label(s) 6.1+3



Special provisions (SP) 274, 802(ADN)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4
Limited quantities (LQ) 100 ml

Transport category (TC) 2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 63
Emergency Action Code 3W

### **International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)**

UN number 2929

Proper shipping name TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Class 6.1
Subsidiary risk(s) 3
Marine pollutant Packing group II
Danger label(s) 6.1+3



Special provisions (SP) 274
Excepted quantities (EQ) E4

Limited quantities (LQ) 100 mL EmS F-E, S-D

Stowage category B

United Kingdom: en Page: 11 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

### **International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)**

UN number 2929

Proper shipping name Toxic liquid, flammable, organic, n.o.s.

Class 6.1
Subsidiary risk(s) 3
Packing group II
Danger label(s) 6.1+3



Special provisions (SP) A4, A137

Excepted quantities (EQ) E4
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

### **Deco-Paint Directive (2004/42/EC)**

VOC content	100 %
-------------	-------

### Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/75/EU)

VOC content	20 %
-------------	------

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)**

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-rel- evant
14.1	UN number: 2927	UN number: 2929	yes
14.2	UN proper shipping name: TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	UN proper shipping name: TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	yes
14.3	Subsidiary risk(s): 8 (corrosive effects)	Subsidiary risk(s): 3 (flammable liquid)	yes
14.7	UN number: 2927	UN number: 2929	yes
14.7	Proper shipping name: TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	Proper shipping name: TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	yes
14.7	Classification code: TC1	Classification code: TF1	yes
14.7	Danger label(s): 6.1+8	Danger label(s): 6.1+3	yes

United Kingdom: en Page: 12 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-rel- evant
14.7		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.7	Hazard identification No: 68	Hazard identification No: 63	yes
14.7	Emergency Action Code: 2X	Emergency Action Code: 3W	yes
14.7	UN number: 2927	UN number: 2929	yes
14.7	Proper shipping name: TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	Proper shipping name: TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	yes
14.7	Subsidiary risk(s): 8	Subsidiary risk(s): 3	yes
14.7	Danger label(s): 6.1+8	Danger label(s): 6.1+3	yes
14.7		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.7	EmS: F-A, S-B	EmS: F-E, S-D	yes
14.7	UN number: 2927	UN number: 2929	yes
14.7	Proper shipping name: Toxic liquid, corrosive, organic, n.o.s.	Proper shipping name: Toxic liquid, flammable, organic, n.o.s.	yes
14.7	Subsidiary risk(s): 8	Subsidiary risk(s): 3	yes
14.7	Danger label(s): 6.1+8	Danger label(s): 6.1+3	yes
14.7		Danger label(s): change in the listing (table)	yes
14.7	Limited quantities (LQ): 0,5 L	Limited quantities (LQ): 1 L	yes

### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
2009/161/EU	Commission Directive establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de naviga- tion intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by In- land Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value

United Kingdom: en Page: 13 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an ident fier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
Muta.	Germ cell mutagenicity
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

United Kingdom: en Page: 14 / 15



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Phenol 80% / Methanol 20%

Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2019-10-15 (GHS 3)

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United Kingdom: en Page: 15 / 15