

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

|                                 |                                   |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Identification of the substance | <b>Fuel oil, no. 2</b>            |
| Registration number (REACH)     | this information is not available |
| CAS number                      | 76-30-2, 68476-30-2               |
| Alternative name(s)             | hydrogen sulfide                  |
| Article number                  | A0131280                          |

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

|                          |             |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Relevant identified uses | General use |
|--------------------------|-------------|

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Chemos GmbH & Co. KG  
 Sonnenring 7  
 84032 Altdorf  
 Germany

Telephone: +49 871-966346-0  
 Telefax: +49 871-966346-13  
 e-mail: chemos@chemos.de  
 Website: <http://www.chemos.de/>

e-mail (competent person) chemos@chemos.de

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service +49 89 1 92 40

| Poison centre  |   |                      |                   |         |
|----------------|---|----------------------|-------------------|---------|
| Country        | Name  | Postal code/<br>city | Telephone         | Telefax |
| United Kingdom | National Poison Information Centre<br>Medical Toxicology Unit | SE14 5ER Lon-<br>don | +44 171 635 91 91 |         |

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

| Section | Hazard class  | Category | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|---|----------|---------------------------|------------------|
| 2.6     | flammable liquid                                      | 3        | Flam. Liq. 3              | H226             |
| 3.1I    | acute toxicity (inhal.)                               | 4        | Acute Tox. 4              | H332             |
| 3.2     | skin corrosion/irritation                             | 2        | Skin Irrit. 2             | H315             |
| 3.6     | carcinogenicity                                       | 2        | Carc. 2                   | H351             |
| 3.9     | specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure    | 2        | STOT RE 2                 | H373             |
| 3.10    | aspiration hazard                                     | 1        | Asp. Tox. 1               | H304             |
| 4.1C    | hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard | 2        | Aquatic Chronic 2         | H411             |

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07,  
GHS08, GHS09



- Hazard statements

|      |  |
|------|--|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour.                                       |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                      |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation.  |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.  |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer.                                       |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                   |

- Precautionary statements

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| P210      | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| P260      | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.   |
| P280      | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.                     |
| P301+P310 | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.   |
| P331      | Do NOT induce vomiting.  |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.                |
| P403+P235 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.   |

### 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

|                   |                     |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Name of substance | Fuel oil, no. 2     |
| Identifiers       |                     |
| CAS No            | 76-30-2, 68476-30-2 |
| EC No             | 270-671-4           |
| Molecular formula | H <sub>2</sub> S    |
| Molar mass        | 34.08 g/mol         |

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

##### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

##### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

##### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

##### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

##### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

##### Hazardous combustion products

Sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

**Fuel oil, no. 2**

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

See section 16 for a general overview.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1 Control parameters**

| Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits) |                    |            |            |           |             |            |              |                 |                   |          |           |
|--|--------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------|-----------|
| Country  | Name of agent      | CAS No     | Identifier | TWA [ppm] | TWA [mg/m³] | STEL [ppm] | STEL [mg/m³] | Ceiling-C [ppm] | Ceiling-C [mg/m³] | Notation | Source    |
| GB   | cycloalkanes (>C7) | 68476-30-2 | WEL        |           | 800         |            |              |                 |                   |          | EH40/2005 |

Notation

Ceiling-C

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

**8.2 Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

##### Appearance

|                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| Physical state | liquid         |
| Colour         | various        |
| Odour          | characteristic |

##### Other safety parameters

|   |   |
|---|---|
| pH (value)                              | not determined                                    |
| Melting point/freezing point            | $\geq -40 - \leq 6$ °C at 101.3 kPa               |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | $\geq 141 - \leq 462$ °C at 101.3 kPa             |
| Flash point                             | $> 56$ °C at 101.3 kPa                            |
| Evaporation rate                        | not determined                                    |
| Flammability (solid, gas)               | not relevant, (fluid)                             |
| Explosive limits                        | not determined                                    |
| Vapour pressure                         | 0.4 kPa at 40 °C                                  |
| Density                                 | $\geq 0.8 - \leq 0.91$ g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 15 °C |
| Vapour density                          | this information is not available                 |
| Solubility(ies)                         | not determined                                    |

##### Partition coefficient

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| - n-octanol/water (log KOW) | this information is not available   |
| Auto-ignition temperature   | $\geq 225$ °C at 101.3 kPa (ECHA) (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases)) |
| Viscosity                   | not determined  |
| Explosive properties        | none  |
| Oxidising properties        | none  |

#### 9.2 Other information

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

|                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Solvent content                      | 100 %  |
| Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX) | T3 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 200°C) |

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". It's a reactive substance. The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

##### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Inhalation: vapour 11 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Aquatic toxicity (chronic) |             |                |               |
|----------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| Endpoint                   | Value       | Species        | Exposure time |
| EL50                       | >1,000 mg/l | microorganisms | 40 h          |

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Process of degradability |                  |      |
|--------------------------|------------------|------|
| Process                  | Degradation rate | Time |
| oxygen depletion         | 57.5 %           | 28 d |

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration. Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

**Fuel oil, no. 2**

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

**Waste treatment of containers/packagings**

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

**Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

- 14.1 UN number** 3295
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name** HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**  
Class 3 (flammable liquids) (environmentally hazardous)
- 14.4 Packing group** III (substance presenting low danger)
- 14.5 Environmental hazards** hazardous to the aquatic environment
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**  
Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code**  
The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

**Information for each of the UN Model Regulations**

**Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)**

- UN number 3295
- Proper shipping name HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
- Class 3
- Classification code F1
- Packing group III
- Danger label(s) 3, fish and tree



- Environmental hazards YES (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
- Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
- Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
- Transport category (TC) 3
- Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
- Hazard identification No 30
- Emergency Action Code 3Y

**Fuel oil, no. 2**

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)**

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| UN number            | 3295                                       |
| Proper shipping name | HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.               |
| Class                | 3  |
| Marine pollutant     | YES (hazardous to the aquatic environment) |
| Packing group        | III  |
| Danger label(s)      | 3, fish and tree                           |



|                          |          |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Special provisions (SP)  | 223      |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E1       |
| Limited quantities (LQ)  | 5 L      |
| EmS                      | F-E, S-D |
| Stowage category         | A        |

**International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)**

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| UN number             | 3295                                       |
| Proper shipping name  | Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.               |
| Class                 | 3  |
| Environmental hazards | YES (hazardous to the aquatic environment) |
| Packing group         | III  |
| Danger label(s)       | 3  |



|                          |      |
|--------------------------|------|
| Special provisions (SP)  | A3   |
| Excepted quantities (EQ) | E1   |
| Limited quantities (LQ)  | 10 L |

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)**

**Deco-Paint Directive (2004/42/EC)**

|             |     |
|-------------|-----|
| VOC content | 0 % |
|-------------|-----|

**Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/75/EU)**

|             |     |
|-------------|-----|
| VOC content | 0 % |
|-------------|-----|

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

### National inventories

| Country | Inventory  | Status              |
|---------|------------|---------------------|
| AU      | AICS       | substance is listed |
| CA      | DSL        | substance is listed |
| CN      | IECSC      | substance is listed |
| EU      | ECSI       | substance is listed |
| EU      | REACH Reg. | substance is listed |
| JP      | CSCL-ENCS  | substance is listed |
| KR      | KECI       | substance is listed |
| NZ      | NZIoC      | substance is listed |
| PH      | PICCS      | substance is listed |
| TW      | TCSI       | substance is listed |
| US      | TSCA       | substance is listed |

#### Legend

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| AICS       | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances                             |
| CSCL-ENCS  | List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)                |
| DSL        | Domestic Substances List (DSL)  |
| ECSI       | EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)                            |
| IECSC      | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China |
| KECI       | Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory                                      |
| NZIoC      | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals                                      |
| PICCS      | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)       |
| REACH Reg. | REACH registered substances   |
| TCSI       | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory                                     |
| TSCA       | Toxic Substance Control Act   |

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

| Abbr.     | Descriptions of used abbreviations  |
|-----------|---|
| ADN       | Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways) |
| ADR       | Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)                                       |
| CAS       | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)  |
| Ceiling-C | Ceiling value   |
| CLP       | Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures  |
| DGR       | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)  |
| EC No     | The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)                                     |
| EH40/2005 | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits ( <a href="http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/">http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/</a> )                                 |

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

| Abbr.    | Descriptions of used abbreviations  |
|----------|---|
| EINECS   | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances   |
| EL50     | Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms  |
| ELINCS   | European List of Notified Chemical Substances   |
| EmS      | Emergency Schedule  |
| GHS      | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations   |
| IATA     | International Air Transport Association   |
| IATA/DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)  |
| ICAO     | International Civil Aviation Organization   |
| IMDG     | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code   |
| MARPOL   | International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")   |
| NLP      | No-Longer Polymer   |
| PBT      | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic   |
| ppm      | Parts per million   |
| REACH    | Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals  |
| RID      | Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail) |
| STEL     | Short-term exposure limit   |
| TWA      | Time-weighted average   |
| VOC      | Volatile Organic Compounds  |
| vPvB     | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative  |
| WEL      | Workplace exposure limit  |

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

| Code | Text   |
|------|--|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour.                                       |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                      |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation.  |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.  |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer.                                       |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                   |

## Fuel oil, no. 2

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2020-11-05

---

### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.