

acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-08-31

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

CAS number 68919-53-9 Article number A0304070

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses General use

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Chemos GmbH & Co. KG Sonnenring 7 84032 Altdorf Germany

Telephone: +49 871-966346-0 Telefax: +49 871-966346-13 e-mail: chemos@chemos.de Website: http://www.chemos.de/

e-mail (competent person) chemos@chemos.de

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service +49 89 1 92 40

Poison c	en	tre
----------	----	-----

Country	Name	Postal code/ city	Telephone	Telefax
United Kingdom	National Poison Information Centre Medical Toxicology Unit	SE14 5ER Lon- don	+44 171 635 91 91	

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling not required

# 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

United Kingdom: en Page: 1 / 8



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-08-31

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

Identifiers

CAS No 68919-53-9

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

## Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

## Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

United Kingdom: en Page: 2 / 8



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-08-31

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

United Kingdom: en Page: 3 / 8



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-08-31

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

This information is not available.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	not determined
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	<5 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	>150 °C
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	>110 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant

United Kingdom: en Page: 4 / 8



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-08-31

pH (value)	not determined
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

#### Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
---	-----------------------------------

Vapour pressure	not determined
-----------------	----------------

# Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
--------------------------	-----------------------

## 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
Other safety characteristics	

other surety characteristics	
Solvent content	100 %

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

# 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

United Kingdom: en Page: 5 / 8



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-08-31

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Classification acc. to GHS

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification.

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

No data available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Information on this property is not available.

United Kingdom: en Page: 6 / 8



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-08-31

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1	UN number or ID number	not assigned
14.2	UN proper shipping name	not assigned
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	not assigned
14.4	Packing group	not assigned
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

# 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

# **Information for each of the UN Model Regulations**

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) - Additional information

not assigned

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

not assigned

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

not assigned

United Kingdom: en Page: 7 / 8



acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

# Soya bean oil fatty acid methyl ester

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-08-31

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

## **Deco-Paint Directive**

VOC content	100 %
Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)	
VOC content	100 %

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

## Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United Kingdom: en Page: 8 / 8