

## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance	<b>Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts</b>
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119488639-16-xxxx
CAS number	68891-38-3
Article number	A0083442

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	General use
--------------------------	-------------

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Chemos GmbH & Co. KG  
Sonnenring 7  
84032 Altdorf  
Germany

Telephone: +49 871-966346-0  
Telefax: +49 871-966346-13  
e-mail: chemos@chemos.de  
Website: <http://www.chemos.de/>

e-mail (competent person) chemos@chemos.de

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service +49 89 1 92 40  
This number is only available during the following office hours: Mon-Fri 9 a.m. - 5 p.m.

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.1D	acute toxicity (dermal)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H312
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects  
Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

- Signal word danger

## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

### - Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07



### - Hazard statements

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### - Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).  
P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

## 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts
Identifiers	
REACH Reg. No	01-2119488639-16-xxxx
CAS No	68891-38-3
EC No	500-234-8

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts**

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

none

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Water, Foam, Alcohol resistant foam, ABC-powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Deposited combustible dust has considerable explosion potential.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

**6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains, Take up mechanically

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Specific notes/details

Dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room. The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Removal of dust deposits.

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Notation	Source
GB	dust		WEL		10					i	EH40/2005
GB	dust		WEL		4					r	EH40/2005

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

i inhalable fraction

r respirable fraction

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit); measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### Human health values

## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	175 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	2,750 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
DNEL	132 µg/cm <sup>2</sup>	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects

### Environmental values

Relevant PNECs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
PNEC	0.24 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.024 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	10 g/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.917 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	0.092 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
PNEC	7.5 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

##### - Hand protection

In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

##### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Respiratory protection

Particulate filter device (EN 143).

### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

##### Appearance

Physical state	solid
Colour	various
Odour	characteristic

##### Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	≥150 – ≤159 °C at 102.1 kPa
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>400 °C at 101 kPa
Flash point	not applicable
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Explosion limits of dust clouds	not determined
Vapour pressure	not determined
Density	1.08 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 22 °C
Vapour density	this information is not available

##### Solubility(ies)

- Water solubility	280 g/l at 20 °C
--------------------	------------------

##### Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	0.3 (pH value: 6.1, 23 °C) (ECHA)
Auto-ignition temperature	250 °C at 101 kPa (ECHA)
Viscosity	not relevant (solid matter)
Explosive properties	none
Oxidising properties	none

#### 9.2 Other information

## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

Surface tension	33 mN/m (25 °C) (ECHA)
Solid content	100 %

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

##### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Acute toxicity

Harmful in contact with skin.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if swallowed.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Dermal  $\geq 2,000 \text{ mg/kg}$

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)			
Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
EC50	0.37 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
LC50	0.74 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

### Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable. The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Process of degradability		
Process	Degradation rate	Time
DOC removal	100 %	28 d

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

n-octanol/water (log KOW)	0.3 (pH value: 6.1, 23 °C) (ECHA)
---------------------------	-----------------------------------

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.



## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>14.1 UN number</b>  | not subject to transport regulations                                  |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>  | not relevant  |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>   | none  |
| <b>14.4 Packing group</b>  | not assigned to a packing group                                       |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>  | non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations |
| <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>                                       | There is no additional information.                                   |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code</b> | The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.                      |

#### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

##### **Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)**

Not subject to ADR, RID and ADN.

##### **International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)**

Not subject to IMDG.

##### **International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)**

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**
- 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**
- No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits ( <a href="http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/">http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/</a> )
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

**Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts**

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2019-07-10

**Key literature references and sources for data**

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

**List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)**

Code	Text
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.